	must collect the tax on		SALES TAX		PURCHASER'S NEW JERSEY
ale of taxable property or services nless the purchaser gives him a fully ompleted New Jersey exemption ertificate.		illy FORI	FORM ST-3		PAYER REGISTRATION NUMBER
		<b>RESALE CI</b>	RESALE CERTIFICATE		
		pleted by purchaser and given to a read and comply with the instruction			
		(Name of Seller)		Date	
		(Name of Seller)			
	Address	Cit	у	State	Zip
·					1
The u	undersigned certifies th	nat:			
(1)	He holds a valid Certi	ificate of Authority (number sho	wn above) to collect S	state of New Je	ersey Sales and Use Tax.
(2)	) He is principally engaged in the sale of (indicate nature of merchandise or service sold):				
(3)	The merchandise or s	services being herein purchase	ed are described as fol	llows:	
(4)	The merchandise described in (3) above is being purchased: (check one or more of the blocks which apply)				
	(a) D For resale in its present form.				
	(b)    For resale as	s converted into or as a compo	nent part of a product	produced by	the undersigned.
	subject of th	ne performance of a taxable se his Certificate becomes part of the service in conjunction with	f the property being	serviced or is	
(5)	The services describe	ed in (3) above are being purch	nased: (check the blo	ck which appl	ies)
	(a) D By a seller who will either collect the tax or will resell the services.				
	(b)  To be performed on personal property held for sale.				
ax Act w se tax c	with respect to the use of t on the transaction or tran	e read and complied with the instruc- the Resale Certificate, and it is my esactions covered by this Certificat of the information shown in this Certificat	belief that the seller nam te. The undersigned put	ned herein is no	t required to collect the sales
	NAM	IE OF PURCHASER*	(as registe	ered with the New	Jersey Division of Taxation)
		lance of Durch coort)*			
	(Add	Iress of Purchaser)*			
	· · · · · ·	e of Business*			
	· · · · · ·				

## **INSTRUCTIONS FOR USE OF RESALE CERTIFICATES - ST-3**

- 1. Registered sellers who accept fully completed exemption certificates within 90 days subsequent to the date of sale are relieved of liability for the collection and payment of sales tax on the transactions covered by the exemption certificate. The following information must be obtained from a purchaser in order for the exemption certificate to be fully completed:
  - Purchaser's name and address;
  - Type of business;
  - Reasons(s) for exemption;
  - Purchaser's New Jersey tax identification number or, for a purchaser that is not registered in New Jersey, the Federal employer identification number or out-of-State registration number. Individual purchasers must include their driver's license number;
  - If a paper exemption certificate is used (including fax), the signature of the purchaser.

The seller's name and address are not required and are not considered when determining if an exemption certificate is fully completed. A seller that enters data elements from paper into an electronic format is not required to retain the paper exemption certificate.

The seller may, therefore, accept this certificate as a basis for exempting sales to the signatory purchaser and is relieved of liability even if it is determined that the purchaser improperly claimed the exemption. If it is determined that the purchaser improperly claimed an exemption, the purchaser will be held liable for the nonpayment of the tax.

- 2. **Retention of Certificates** Certificates must be retained by the seller for a period of not less than four years from the date of the last sale covered by the certificate. Certificates must be in the physical possession of the seller and available for inspection.
- 3. Acceptance of an exemption certificate in an audit situation On and after October 1, 2011, if the seller either has not obtained an exemption certificate or the seller has obtained an incomplete exemption certificate, the seller has at least 120 days after the Division's request for substantiation of the claimed exemption to either:
  - 1. Obtain a fully completed exemption certificate from the purchaser, taken in good faith, which,
    - in an audit situation, means that the seller obtain a certificate claiming an exemption that:
    - (a) was statutorily available on the date of the transaction, and
    - (b) could be applicable to the item being purchased, and
    - (c) is reasonable for the purchaser's type of business; OR
  - 2. Obtain other information establishing that the transaction was not subject to the tax.

If the seller obtains this information, the seller is relieved of any liability for the tax on the transaction unless it is discovered through the audit process that the seller had knowledge or had reason to know at the time such information was provided that the information relating to the exemption claimed was materially false or the seller otherwise knowingly participated in activity intended to purposefully evade the tax that is properly due on the transaction. The burden is on the Division to establish that the seller had knowledge or had reason to know at the time the information was provided that the information was materially false.

- 4. Additional Purchases by Same Purchaser This certificate will serve to cover additional purchases by the same purchaser of the same general type of property. However, each subsequent sales slip or purchase invoice based on this Certificate must show the purchaser's name, address and New Jersey, Federal, or out of state registration number for purpose of verification.
- 5. Retention of Certificates Certificates must be retained by the seller for a period of not less than four years from the date of the last sale covered by the certificate. Certificates must be in the physical possession of the seller and available for inspection on or before the 90th day following the date of the transaction to which the certificate relates.

## **EXAMPLES OF PROPER USE OF RESALE CERTIFICATE**

- a. A retail household appliance store owner issues a Resale Certificate when purchasing household appliances from a supplier for resale.
- b. A furniture manufacturer issues a Resale Certificate to cover the purchase of lumber to be used in manufacturing furniture for sale.
- c. An automobile service station operator issues a Resale Certificate to cover the purchase of auto parts to be used in repairing customer cars.

## EXAMPLES OF IMPROPER USE OF RESALE CERTIFICATE

In the examples below, the seller should not accept Resale Certificates, but should insist upon payment of the sales tax.

- a. A lumber dealer can not accept a Resale Certificate from a tire dealer who is purchasing lumber for use in altering his premises.
- b. A distributor may not issue a Resale Certificate on purchases of cleaning supplies and other materials for his own office maintenance, even though he is in the business of distributing such supplies.
- c. A retailer may not issue a Resale Certificate on purchases of office equipment for his own use, even though he is in the business of selling office equipment.
- d. A supplier can not accept a Resale Certificate from a service station owner who purchases tools and testing equipment for use in his business.

REPRODUCTION OF RESALE CERTIFICATE FORMS: Private reproduction of both sides of Resale Certificates may be made without the prior permission of the Division of Taxation.

FOR MORE INFORMATION: Call the Customer Service Center (609) 292-6400. Send an e-mail to: <u>nj.taxation@treas.state.nj.us</u>. Write to: New Jersey Division of Taxation, Information and Publications Branch, PO Box 281, Trenton, NJ 08695-0281.